

Name Key  
Math 8A

Date \_\_\_\_\_  
2.4 CW

## Solving Equations with Variables on Both Sides Classwork

**Aim:** How can we determine the solution of an equation with variables on both sides?

**Warm Up:** Solve the following equations

(a)  $3(x - 2) - 3 = 4 + \frac{1}{2}(12x + 14)$

$$\begin{aligned} 3x - 6 - 3 &= 4 + 6x + 7 \\ 3x - 9 &= 11 + 6x \\ \underline{-9} &\quad \underline{+9} \\ -3x &= 20 + 6x \\ \underline{-3x} &\quad \underline{-6x} \\ -8x &= 20 \end{aligned}$$

(b)

$$5 - 2(x - 10) = 50$$

$$\begin{aligned} 5 - 2x + 20 &= 50 \\ -2x + 25 &= 50 \\ \underline{-25} &\quad \underline{-25} \\ -2x &= 25 \\ \underline{\cancel{-2}} &\quad \underline{\cancel{-2}} \\ x &= \frac{25}{2} \end{aligned}$$

**Guided Practice:**

Exercise 1- Solve the following equations

I Do:

$$\begin{aligned} 6x - 3(x - 1) &= 4(2x + 1) \\ 6x - 3x + 3 &= 8x + 4 \\ 3x + 3 &= 8x + 4 \\ \underline{-3x} &\quad \underline{-3x} \\ 3 &= 5x + 4 \\ \underline{-4} &\quad \underline{-4} \\ -1 &= \frac{5x}{5} \\ x &= -\frac{1}{5} \end{aligned}$$

You Try:

$$\begin{aligned} 3(x - 1) - (4x + 2) &= 9(x + 3) \\ 3x - 3 - 4x - 2 &= 9x + 27 \\ -x - 5 &= 9x + 27 \\ \underline{+x} &\quad \underline{+x} \\ -5 &= 10x + 27 \\ \underline{-27} &\quad \underline{-27} \\ -32 &= \frac{10x}{10} \\ x &= -\frac{16}{5} \end{aligned}$$

Exercise 2- Solve the following equations (Proportions)

I Do:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{x - 6}{9} &= \frac{x + 9}{4} \\ 4(x - 6) &= 9(x + 9) \\ 4x - 24 &= 9x + 81 \\ \underline{-4x} &\quad \underline{-4x} \\ -24 &= 5x + 81 \\ \underline{-81} &\quad \underline{-81} \\ -105 &= 5x \\ \underline{5} &\quad \underline{5} \\ x &= -21 \end{aligned}$$

You Try:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{7}{2x - 8} &= \frac{3}{x - 6} \\ 7(x - 6) &= 3(2x - 8) \\ 7x - 42 &= 6x - 24 \\ \underline{-6x} &\quad \underline{-6x} \\ x - 42 &= -24 \\ \underline{+42} &\quad \underline{+42} \\ x &= 18 \end{aligned}$$

Exercise 3- Solve the following equations (with Multiplying Polynomials)

I Do:

$$x(x - 9) = (x + 3)(x - 8)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^2 - 9x = x^2 - 8x + 3x - 24 \\ \cancel{x^2} - 9x = \cancel{x^2} - 5x - 24 \\ \hline -9x = -4x - 24 \\ +5x \quad +5x \\ \hline -4x = -24 \\ \frac{-4}{-4} \qquad \qquad x = 6 \end{array}$$

You Try:

$$(2x - 5)(3x - 2) = 3x(2x - 6)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6x^2 - 4x - 15x + 10 = 6x^2 - 18x \\ \cancel{6x^2} - 19x + 10 = \cancel{6x^2} - 18x \\ \hline -19x + 10 = -18x \\ +19x \quad +19x \\ \hline 10 = x \end{array}$$

Problem Set: Solve the following for questions then complete "solving equations hangman"

$$-.4\left(\frac{1}{2}x - 0.4\right) = 1.3 - 0.6(0.3 - 0.2x)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -.2x + .16 = 1.3 - .18 - .12x \\ -.2x + .16 = 1.12 - .12x \\ +.2x \qquad \qquad \qquad +.2x \\ \hline .16 = 1.12 + .08x \\ -1.12 \qquad -1.12 \\ \hline -.96 = .08x \\ x = -12 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}\left(5x + \frac{16}{3}\right) - \frac{2}{3}\left(\frac{3}{4}x + \frac{1}{2}\right) = -5$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \frac{5}{4}x + \frac{4}{3} - \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{3} = -5 \\ \frac{3}{4}x + \frac{3}{3} = -5 \\ -1 \qquad -1 \\ \hline \frac{3}{4}x = -6 \\ x = -8 \end{array}$$

$$(x + 3)^2 = x(x + 2) - 3$$

$$(x+3)(x+3) = x^2 + 2x - 3$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^2 + 6x + 9 = x^2 + 2x - 3 \\ \cancel{x^2} \qquad \qquad \qquad \cancel{x^2} \\ \hline 6x + 9 = 2x - 3 \\ -9 \qquad -9 \\ \hline 4x = 12 \\ \frac{4}{4} \qquad \frac{12}{4} \\ \hline x = -3 \end{array}$$

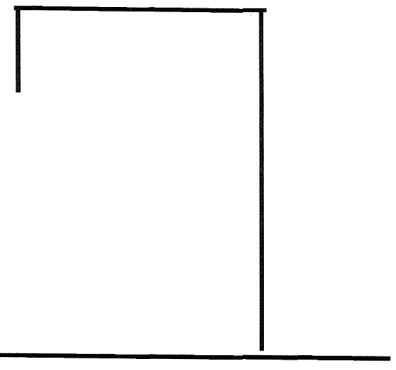
$$\frac{x - 4}{2} = \frac{x + 2}{3}$$

$$2(x+2) = 3(x-4)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x + 4 = 3x - 12 \\ -2x \qquad -2x \\ \hline 4 = x - 12 \\ +12 \qquad +12 \\ \hline 16 = x \end{array}$$

# Solving Linear Equations

## Hangman Activity



P    O    L    Y    N    O    M    I    A    L

4        8.25      -18.825      6      60      8.25       $-11\frac{1}{3}$        $-\frac{9}{7}$       8.3      -18.825

|  |   |   |
|--|---|---|
| <b>A</b><br>$4(x - 7) = 0.3(x + 2) + 2.11$               | <b>I</b><br>$3x - 2(x + 4) = 8x + 1$  | <b>O</b><br>$\frac{7}{3}(x + \frac{9}{28}) = 20$              |
| <b>B</b><br>$-4(x - 3) = 5(2x - 6)$                      | <b>J</b><br>$\frac{x}{2.8} - 4.9 = -7.11$                                   | <b>P</b><br>$\frac{x - 2}{3} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$     |
| <b>C</b><br>$5(x + 2) - 1.5x = 6$                        | <b>K</b><br>$\frac{7}{4}(b - 1) = \frac{7}{8}$                              | <b>R</b><br>$-7x - 4x = 8 - 2x - 8x$                          |
| <b>D</b><br>$3(x - 2) + 5 = 2(5x - 4)$                   | <b>L</b><br>$\frac{5}{6}(\frac{3}{8} - x) = 16$                             | <b>S</b><br>$-8(1 + 4x) + 7x = -25 - 8x$                      |
| <b>E</b><br>$\frac{3}{4}x + 2 = \frac{5}{4}x - 6$        | <b>M</b><br>$\frac{2}{3}(\frac{1}{4}x - 2) = \frac{1}{5}(\frac{4}{3}x - 1)$ | <b>T</b><br>$\frac{19}{4} - 3.5x = -.25x + \frac{3}{2}$       |
| <b>H</b><br>$\frac{9}{4} = -\frac{3}{2}x + \frac{19}{4}$ | <b>N</b><br>$\frac{3}{4}x + 8 = x - 7$                                      | <b>Y</b><br>$\frac{1}{7} + \frac{2x}{3} = \frac{15x - 3}{21}$ |



Name Answers To Hangman  
Math 8E

Date \_\_\_\_\_  
Unit 2

**Hangman Workspace**

Goal - Solve the hidden message. Choose a letter and solve that equation in the space below. Check the solution to the following equation in your calculator. Add a body part to the board if your answer doesn't exist on one of those lines. Then, pick another letter and continue the steps.

A]  $4(x-7) = .3(x+2) + 2.11$   
 $4x - 28 = .3x + .6 + 2.11$   
 $4x - 28 = .3x + 2.71$   
 $\underline{- .3x \quad -.3x}$   
 $\frac{3.7x}{3.7} = \frac{30.71}{3.7}$   
 $x = 8.3$

N]  $\frac{3}{4}x - 8 = x - 7$   
 $\underline{\quad \quad -8}$   
 $\frac{3}{4}x = x - 15$   
 $\underline{-x \quad -x}$   
 $\frac{3}{4}x = -15$   
 $\underline{\quad \quad \quad x}$   
 $x = 60$

P]  $\frac{x-2}{3} + \frac{11}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$   
 $\underline{-\frac{1}{6} \quad -\frac{1}{6}}$   
 $\underline{\quad \quad \quad x-2 = 4}$   
 $\underline{\quad \quad \quad 3 \quad 6}$   
 $\underline{\quad \quad \quad x = 4}$   
 $6x - 12 = 12$   
 $\underline{+12 \quad +12}$   
 $\frac{6x}{6} = \frac{24}{6}$   
 $x = 4$

M]  $\frac{3}{9}(\frac{1}{4}x - 2) = \frac{1}{3}(\frac{4}{3}x - 1)$   
 $\underline{-\frac{1}{9}x \quad -\frac{4}{3}}$   
 $\underline{\quad \quad \quad -\frac{4}{9}x}$   
 $\underline{\quad \quad \quad \frac{1}{10}x \quad -\frac{1}{15}}$   
 $\underline{+\frac{1}{5} \quad +\frac{1}{15}}$   
 $\frac{1}{10}x = -\frac{17}{15}$   
 $x = -11.\overline{33}$

O]  $\frac{7}{3}(x + \frac{9}{28}) = 20$   
 $\frac{7}{3}x + \frac{3}{4} = 20$   
 $\underline{-\frac{3}{4} \quad -\frac{3}{4}}$   
 $\underline{\quad \quad \quad \frac{7}{3}x = 77/4}$   
 $x = 8.25$   
 $x = \frac{33}{4}$

L]  $\frac{5}{6}(\frac{3}{8}x) = 16$   
 $\underline{-\frac{5}{16} \quad -\frac{5}{6}x = 16}$   
 $\underline{\quad \quad \quad -\frac{5}{16}}$   
 $x = -18.825$

I]  $3x - 2(x+4) = 8x+1$   
 $3x - 2x - 8 = 8x+1$   
 $\underline{-x \quad -x}$   
 $-8 = 7x+1$   
 $\underline{-1 \quad -1}$   
 $-9 = 7x$   
 $x = -\frac{9}{7}$

Y]  ~~$2(\frac{3x}{7} + \frac{2x}{3}) = 15x - 3$~~   
 $3 + 14x = 15x - 3$   
 $\underline{-15x \quad -6x}$   
 $\underline{\quad \quad \quad -9x = -3}$   
 $\underline{\quad \quad \quad -3}$   
 $-x = -6$   
 $x = 6$

L]  $\frac{5}{4}(\frac{3}{8} - x) = 16$   
 $\underline{-\frac{5}{16} \quad -\frac{5}{6}x = 16}$   
 $\underline{\quad \quad \quad -\frac{5}{16}}$   
 $\underline{-\frac{5}{6}x = \frac{251}{16}}$   
 $x = -\frac{753}{40}$  OR  
 $x = -18\frac{33}{40}$  OR  
 $x = -18.825$

[B]

$$x = 3$$

[C]

$$x = -\frac{8}{7}$$

[D]

$$x = 1$$

[E]

$$x = 16$$

[H]

$$x = \frac{5}{3}$$

[J]

$$x = -\frac{1547}{250}, \text{ or}$$

$$x = -6\frac{47}{250}, \text{ or}$$

$$x = -6.188$$

[K]

$$b = \frac{3}{2} \text{ or}$$

$$b = 1.5$$

[R]

$$x = -8$$

[S]

$$x = 1$$

[T]

$$x = 1$$